

Twin Rivers Unified School District (TRUSD) 2010-11 principal, teacher, & school site council (SSC) survey findings



Presented 10.10.2011



Overview

2010-11 survey goals:

- Measure attitudes and understanding about key SSFR/BSA components (equity, autonomy, transparency, accountability, innovation) in partner districts
- Get perspectives of key stakeholders- principals, teachers, and School Site Council (SSC) members
- Year 1 of 3 years of surveys to measure change over time, throughout SSFR/BSA implementation





Overview (continued)

TRUSD survey approach

- AIR conducted independent <u>principal survey</u> for all principals
- AIR added items to existing district <u>teacher</u> <u>survey</u>
 - (+) minimize respondent burden, included all key SSFR-related questions
 - (-) no school ID, no pilot status item, allowable response format in Constant Contact made some items imprecise
- AIR conducted independent survey for all <u>SSCs</u>





PRINCIPAL SURVEY FINDINGS





Sample & response rate

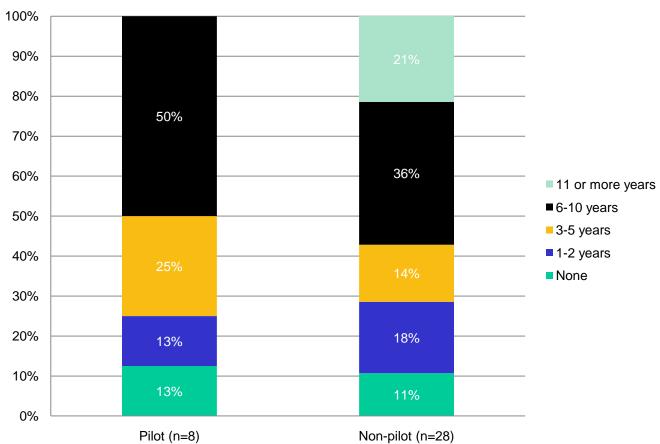
- All 52 principals received the survey.
 - 38 participated = 73% response rate
- 8 pilot school principals & 30 non-pilot school principals responded.





Respondents were experienced principals.



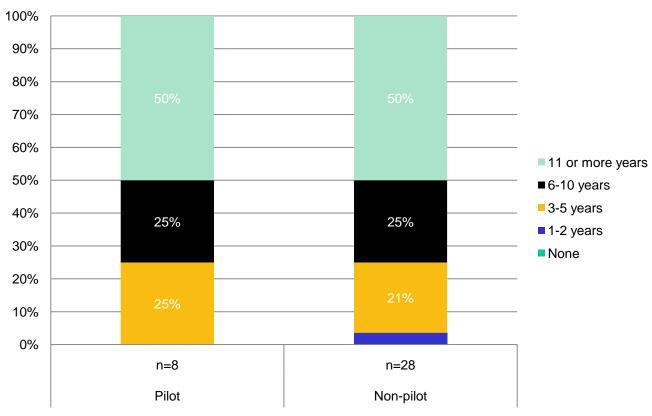






Respondents have been in TRUSD('s former districts) for a long time.

Total years as a principal in TRUSD (including former districts)

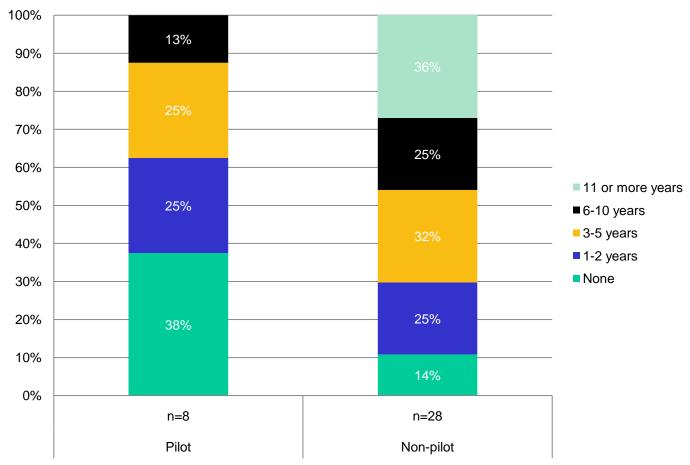






Pilot principals were more likely to be new to their schools.



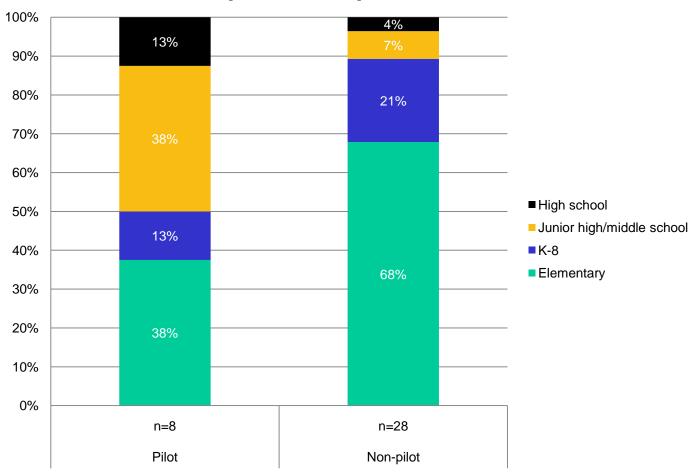






Respondents were from schools of all grade spans.

Grade spans of respondents' school

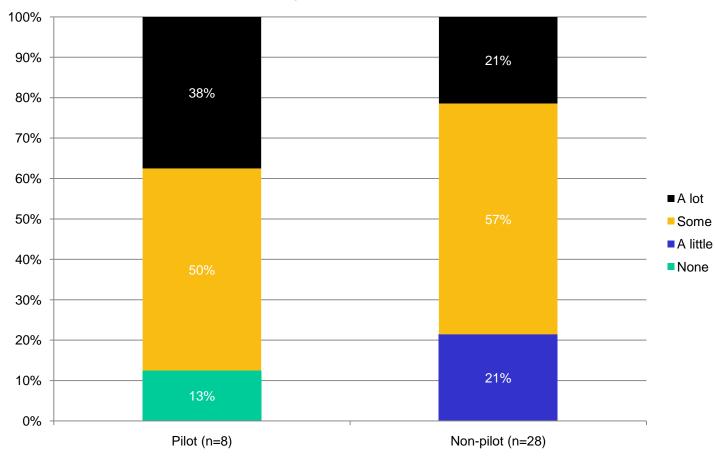






Pilot principals were more likely than non-pilot principals to have the extreme responses to the following item about district support for trying new things.

Support from the district for trying new things in your school

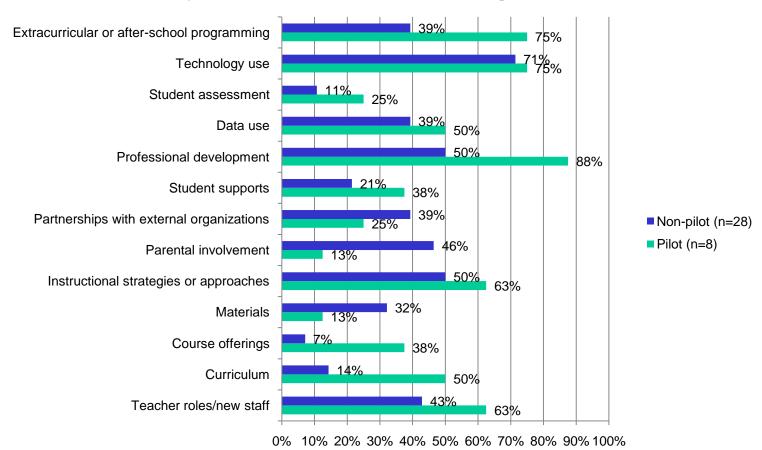






Pilot principals were more likely to report trying new things in a variety of areas.

Innovation: Tried anything new at your school this year in each of the following areas







A note about the following slides

- For these six items, ratings were determined from summing responses that ranked the level of influence each of 9 groups had on each item. Respondents indicated the most influential, second most influential, and third most influential (3, 2, 1) from among the 9 groups.
 - The scores reported reflect the % of the total possible score on that item.
- The yellow boxes indicate the top three highest ranked groups for pilot and non-pilot principal respondents.
- The notes for these slides include comparisons to the principal items.





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "establishing curriculum at this school" (n=31)

Group	Pilot (n=7)	Non-pilot (n=24)
State	71%	47%
School Board	24%	44%
District	52%	63%
Principal	33%	15%
Teacher	14%	17%
Curriculum Specialist	5%	14%
School Site Council	0%	0%
Union	0%	0%
Parent Teacher Association	0%	0%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "determining the content of in-service professional development programs for teachers of this school" (n=31)

Group	Pilot (n=7)	Non-pilot (n=24)
State	0%	1%
School Board	0%	8%
School Board	076	870
District	52%	72%
Principal	81%	64%
Teacher	67%	40%
Curriculum Specialist	0%	14%
School Site Council	0%	0%
Union	0%	0%
Parent Teacher Association	0%	0%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "evaluating teachers of this school" (n=28)

Group	Pilot (n=6)	Non-pilot (n=22)
State	11%	8%
School Board	6%	20%
District	56%	53%
Principal	100%	85%
Teacher	22%	15%
Curriculum Specialist	0%	3%
School Site Council	0%	0%
Union	6%	17%
Parent Teacher Association	0%	0%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "hiring new teachers at this school" (n=25)

Group	Pilot (n=5)	Non-pilot (n=20)
State	20%	2%
School Board	0%	25%
District	80%	93%
Principal	53%	52%
Teacher	7%	8%
Curriculum Specialist	0%	0%
School Site Council	0%	2%
Union	40%	18%
Parent Teacher Association	0%	0%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "deciding how your school budget will be spent" (n=30)

Group	Pilot (n=7)	Non-pilot (n=23)
State	5%	4%
School Board	0%	16%
District	38%	48%
Principal	90%	70%
Teacher	52%	29%
Curriculum Specialist	0%	1%
School Site Council	14%	30%
Union	0%	1%
Parent Teacher Association	0%	0%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "scheduling of instructional time at your school" (n=29)

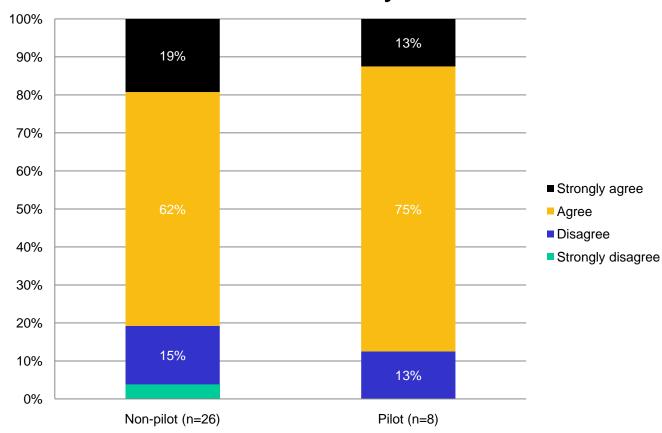
Group	Pilot (n=7)	Non-pilot (n=22)
State	19%	42%
School Board	43%	35%
District	76%	65%
Principal	43%	30%
Teacher	19%	9%
Curriculum Specialist	0%	3%
School Site Council	0%	3%
Union	0%	12%
Parent Teacher Association	0%	0%





Pilot principals were more likely to report understanding how they receive resources.

I understand how resources (staff, funds, etc.) are allocated to my school.

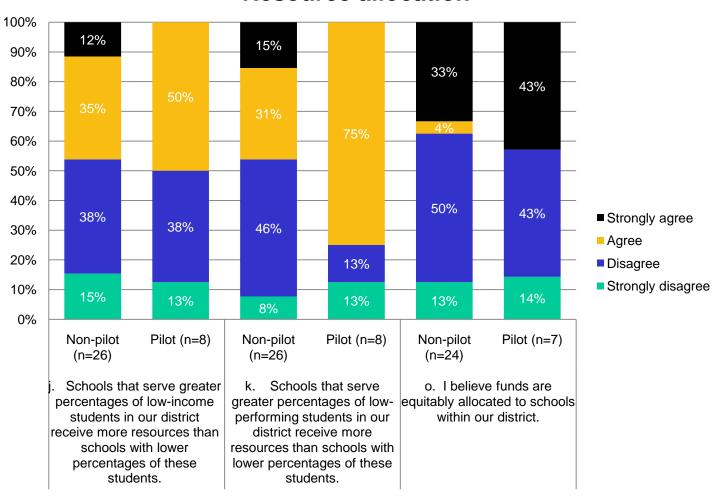






Pilot principals were more likely to agree that schools with disadvantaged students receive more resources & that funds are allocated equitably to schools.

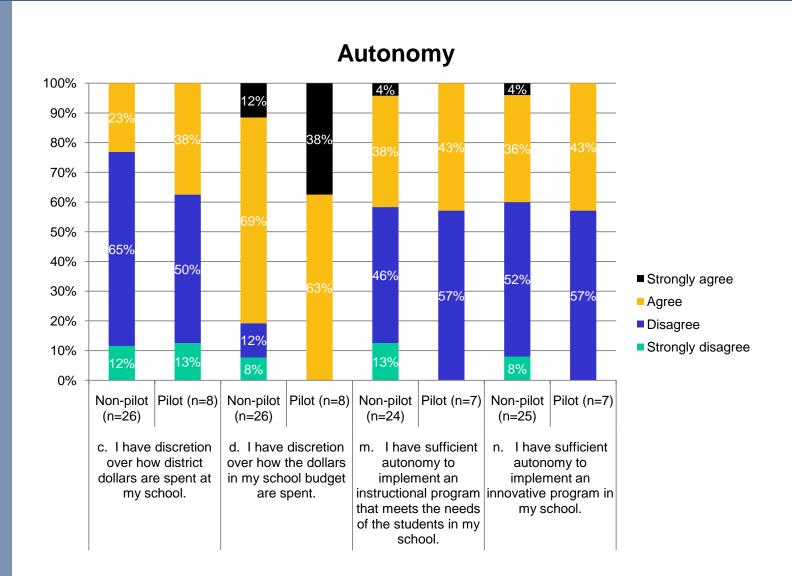
Resource allocation







Pilot principals reported having autonomy over spending, but fewer than half of respondents agreed that they have autonomy over other areas.

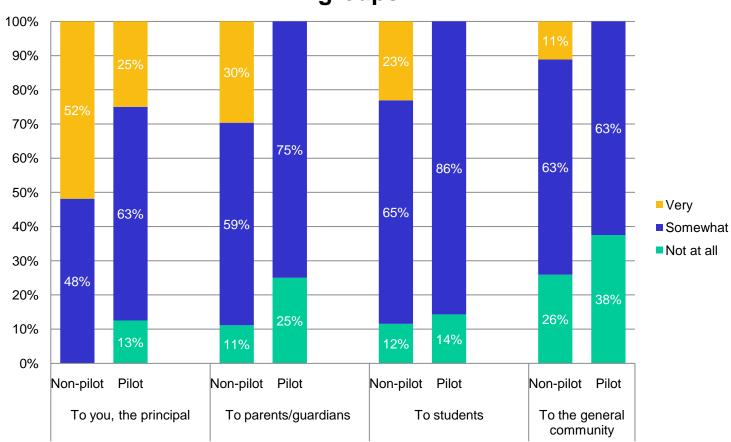






Pilot principals felt that teachers were *less* accountable for student success than non-pilot principals.

To what extent do you feel teachers are held accountable for student success to the following groups?

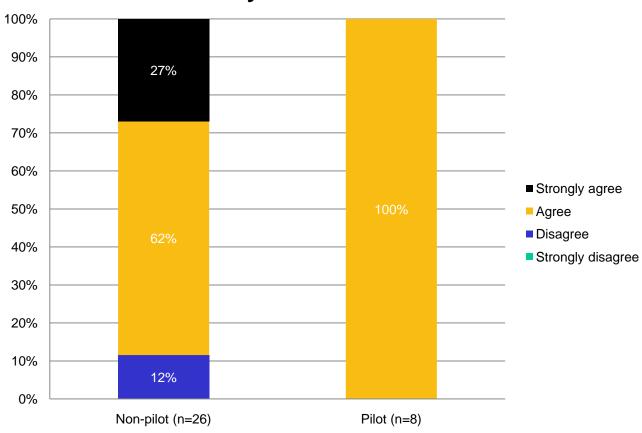






100% of pilot principals agreed that their evaluation is tied to student achievement.

I feel that the evaluation of my performance is related to my students' achievement.







TEACHER SURVEY FINDINGS





Sample & response rate

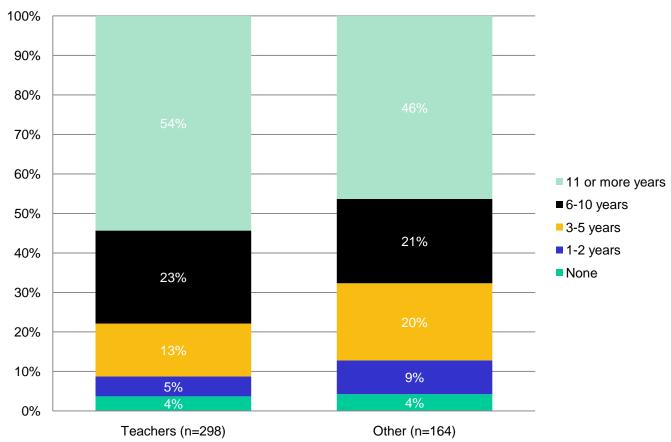
- All teachers received the survey.
 - 689 participated, although there is substantial item-by-item missingness.
- NOTE: There weren't any questions about SSFR pilot status, or any other questions about school characteristics, so we cannot do any pilot/non-pilot comparisons.
 - Instead, we present these findings by <u>Teachers</u> (including full-time, part-time, and itinerant teachers) & <u>Others</u> (substitutes, classified employees, para-educators, leadership positions, and respondents who selected "Other").





Respondents were experienced.

Total years in TRUSD (including former districts)

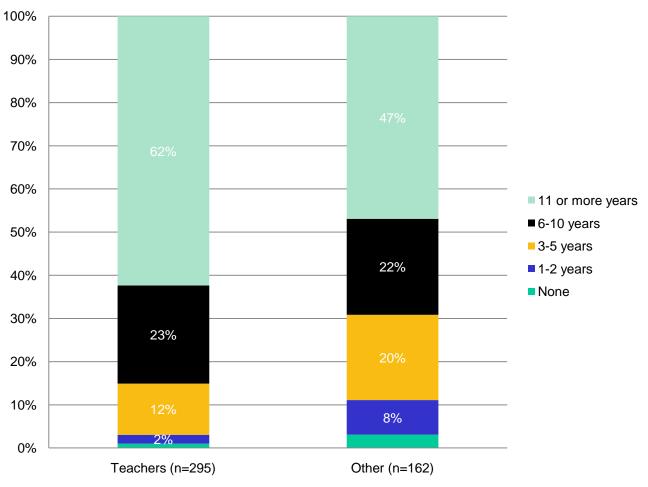






Respondents had typically been in their school for a long time.









Mobility from 2009-10 to 2010-11

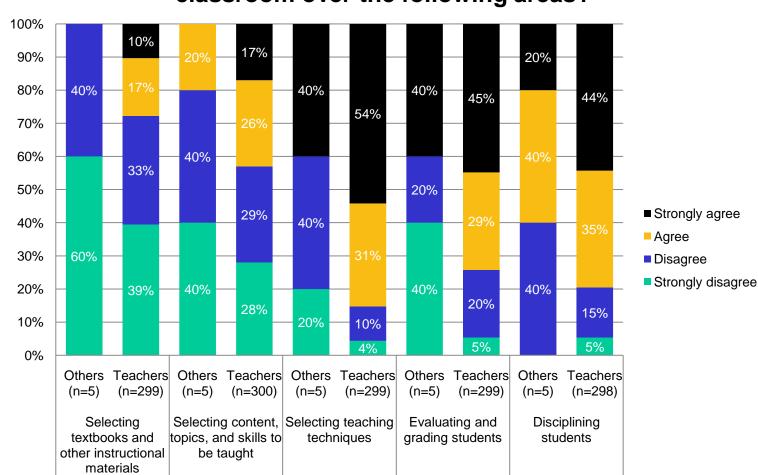
- 24% of teacher respondents worked at a different school in 2010-11 than in 2009-10 (113/464 respondents)
- Of those who moved,
 - 51% were assigned to their new school
 - 11% moved for personal reasons,
 - and 37% reported moving for another reason.
 - Some of the reported "other" reasons included school closure, layoffs, and bumping.





Teachers reported varying control over a range of classroom activities.



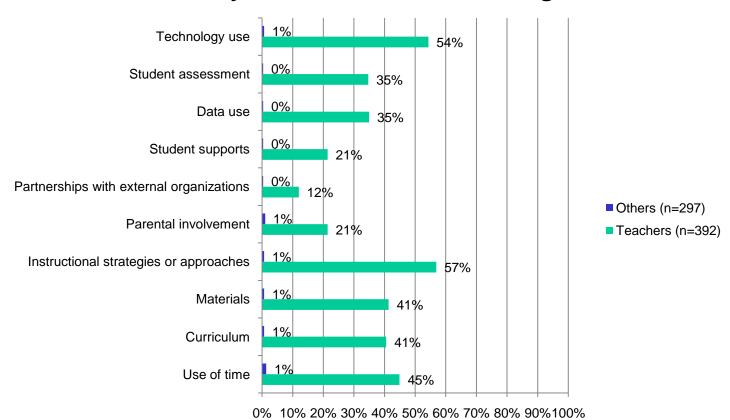






A substantial proportion of teachers reported trying new things in the past year, but Other respondents did not.

Innovation: Have you tried anything new at your school this year in each of the following areas?

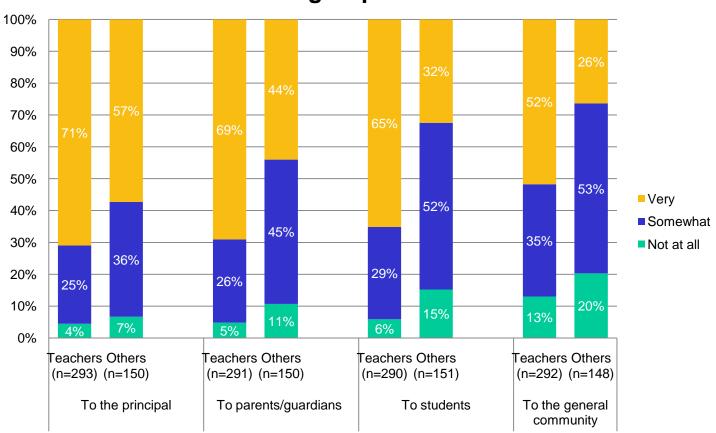






Teachers felt that they were more accountable for student success than did Others.

To what extent do you feel teachers are held accountable for student success to the following groups?

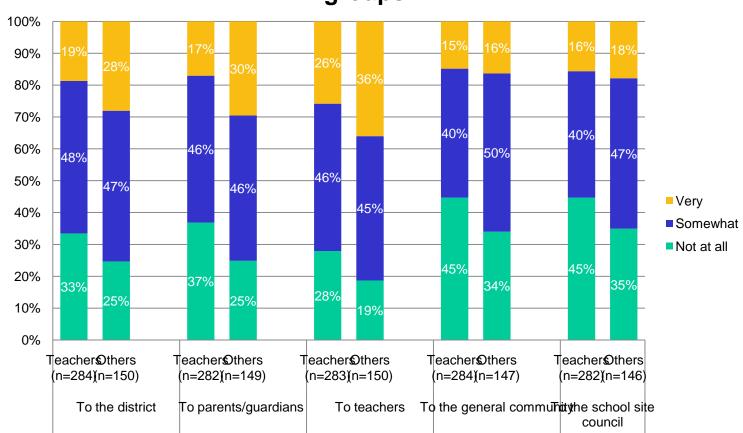






Others (including classified staff) felt they were more accountable for student success than did teachers.

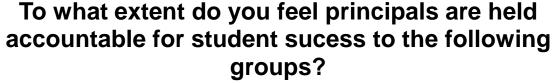
To what extent do you feel classified staff are held accountable for student success to the following groups?

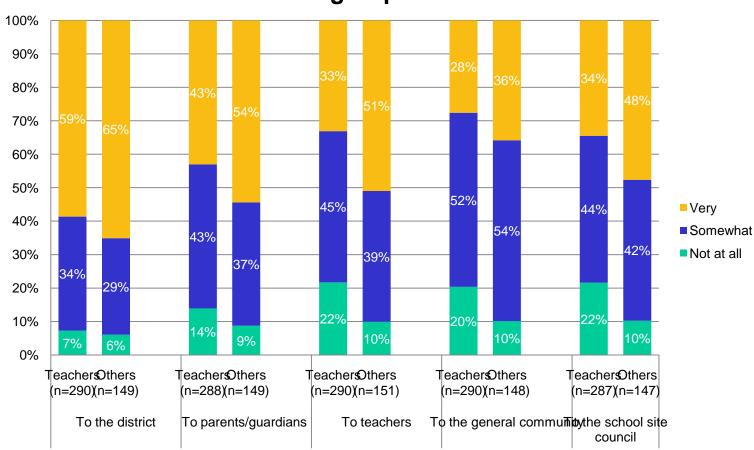






Teachers felt less strongly than Others that principals are accountable for student success.



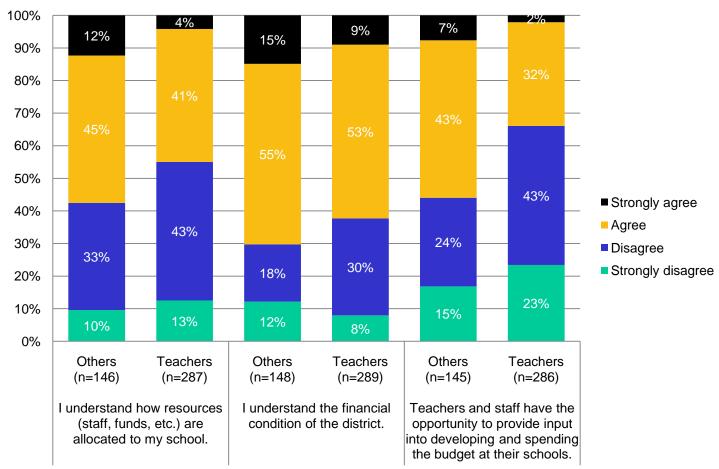






Teachers expressed greater disagreement than Others about understanding how resources are allocated and having the opportunity to provide input into school spending.

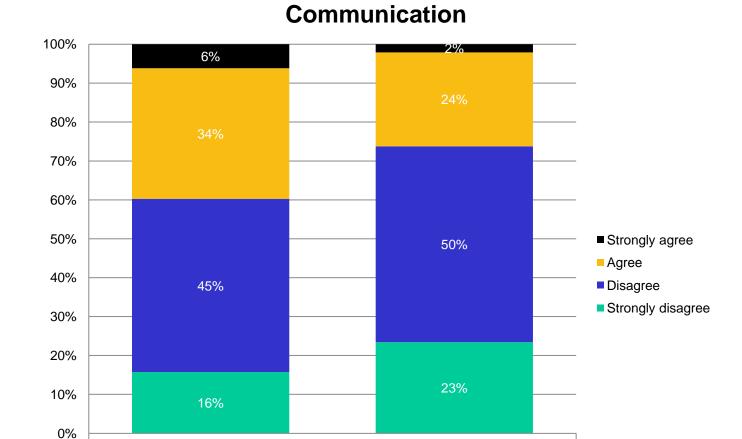
Understanding of district resources & opportunities to provide input







Almost ¾ of teachers disagreed that the district's communication is clear.



Communications about district strategies for improving student achievement are clear.

Teachers (n=286)

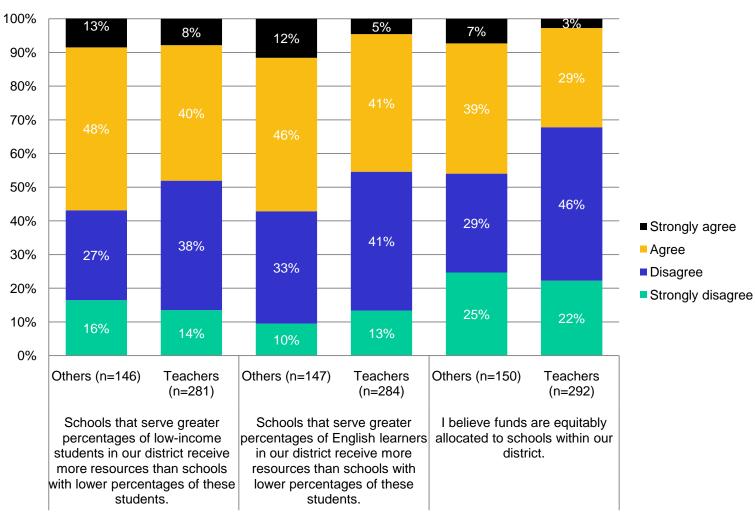
Others (n=146)





Over 60% of teachers disagreed that funds are equitably allocated across schools.



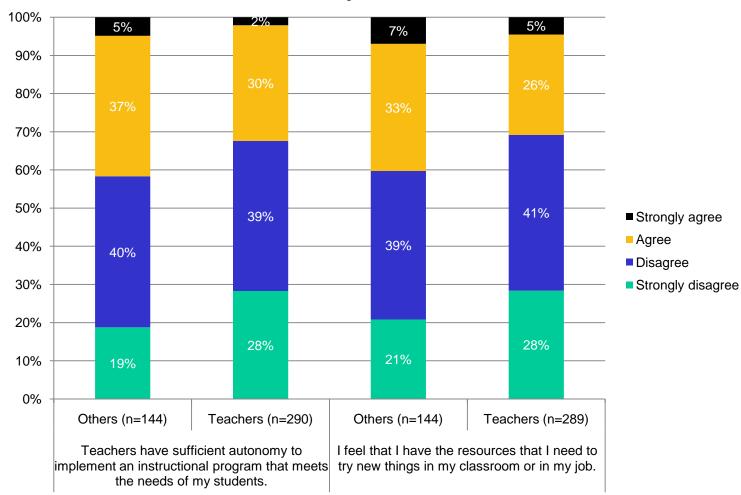






Fewer than half of respondents agreed that they have sufficient autonomy and necessary resources.



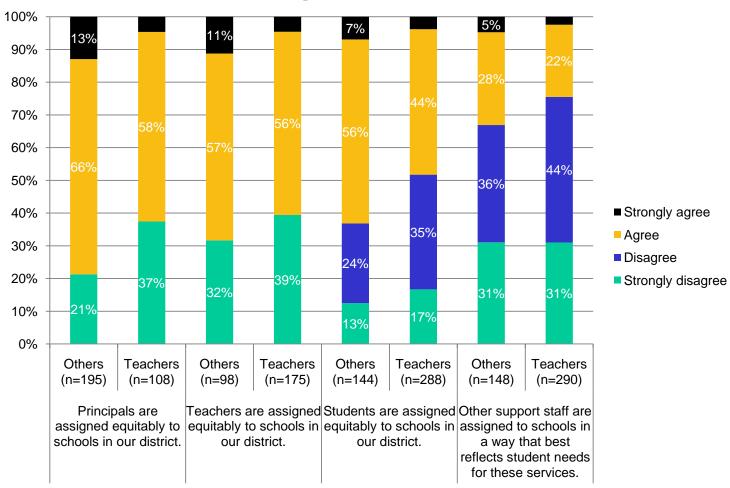






Respondents disagreed than support staff are assigned to schools that most need them.

Assignment policies

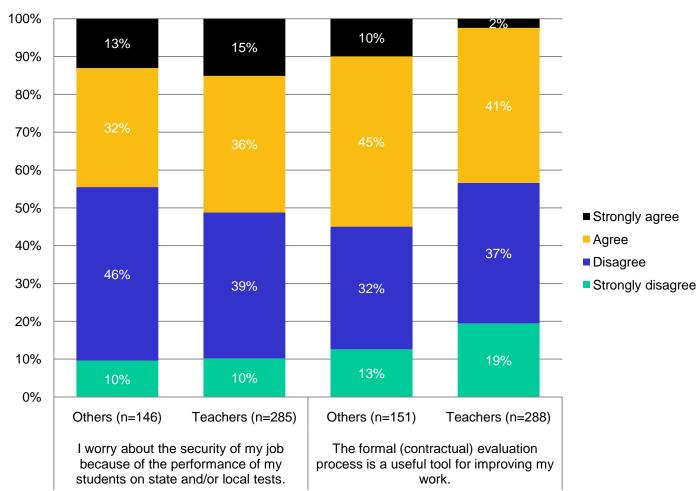






Respondents had varying responses to the following questions about performance evaluation.



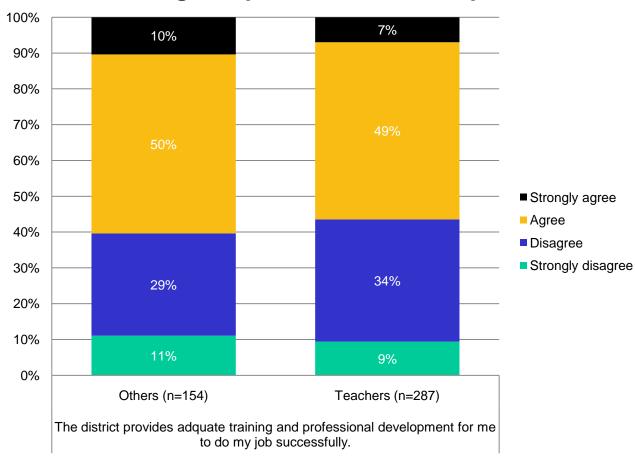






Over half of respondents agreed that the district provides adequate training and PD.

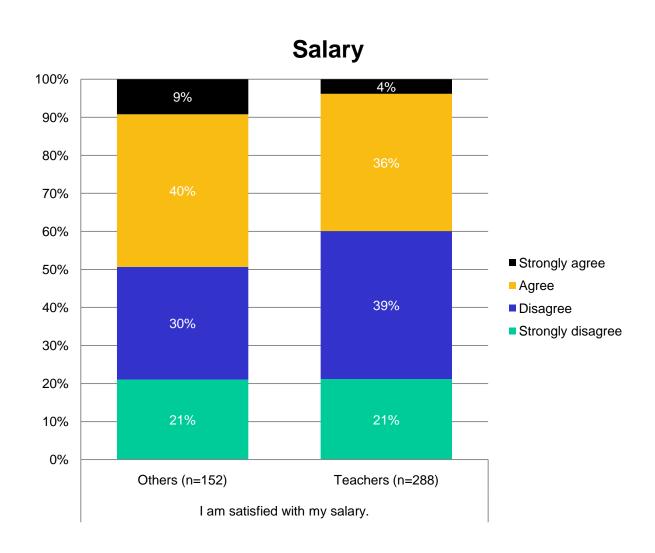
Training and professional development







Respondents were split about whether they were satisfied with their salary.







A note about the following slides

- For these six items, ratings were determined from summing responses that ranked the level of influence each of 9 groups had on each item. Respondents indicated the most to least influential (9 to 1) from among the 9 groups.
 - The scores reported reflect the % of the total possible score on that item (# of respondents x 9).
- The yellow boxes indicate the top three highest ranked groups for pilot and non-pilot principal respondents.
- As noted earlier, the teacher survey did not permit identification of pilot/non-pilot status.





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "establishing curriculum at this school"

Group	Teachers (n=197)	Others (n=93)
State	81%	80%
School Board	67%	66%
District	81%	78%
Principal	63%	63%
Teacher	55%	56%
Curriculum Specialist	68%	67%
School Site Council	38%	37%
Union	24%	31%
Parent Teacher Association	24%	22%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "determining the content of in-service professional development programs for teachers of this school"

Group	Teachers (n=190)	Others (n=87)
State	51%	53%
School Board	57%	53%
District	88%	84%
Principal	83%	79%
Teacher	62%	67%
Curriculum Specialist	68%	68%
School Site Council	43%	39%
Union	26%	34%
Parent Teacher Association	23%	24%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "evaluating teachers of this school"

Group	Teachers (n=187)	Others (n=86)
State	51%	47%
School Board	60%	57%
District	81%	79%
Principal	96%	93%
Teacher	50%	57%
Curriculum Specialist	53%	47%
School Site Council	38%	38%
Union	42%	54%
Parent Teacher Association	29%	28%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "hiring new teachers at this school"

Group	Teachers (n=186)	Others (n=84)
State	47%	40%
School Board	69%	66%
District	91%	86%
Principal	89%	87%
Teacher	48%	56%
Curriculum Specialist	48%	45%
School Site Council	39%	42%
Union	41%	54%
Parent Teacher Association	27%	24%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "deciding how your school budget will be spent"

Group	Teachers (n=184)	Others (n=88)
State	64%	62%
School Board	72%	68%
District	83%	79%
Principal	81%	79%
Teacher	49%	55%
Curriculum Specialist	44%	43%
School Site Council	54%	55%
Union	23%	30%
Parent Teacher Association	29%	31%





Respondent ratings of the most influential in "scheduling of instructional time at your school"

Group	Teachers (n=187)	Others (n=85)
State	77%	74%
School Board	76%	69%
District	83%	79%
Principal	74%	69%
Teacher	46%	54%
Curriculum Specialist	47%	46%
School Site Council	39%	41%
Union	36%	43%
Parent Teacher Association	21%	24%





SCHOOL SITE COUNCIL SURVEY FINDINGS





Sample & response rate

- Response rate = 54% of schools participated (28/52)
 - n=28 schools
 - N=198 respondents
- The schools include:
 - 4 pilots, 24 non-pilots
 - 32 pilot school SSC respondents, 166 nonpilot SSC respondents
 - 3 charter schools



Grade spans of SSC respondent schools

- 15 elementary schools (2 are K-5; 13 are K-6)
- 4 elementary/middle schools (1 is K-7; 3 are K-8)
- **3 middle schools** (1 is 5-8; 2 are 7-8)
- 1 middle/high school (1 is 7-12)
- **3 high schools** (3 are 9-12)
- 1 elementary/middle/high school (1 is K-11)
- 1 is unknown (respondents differed widely)





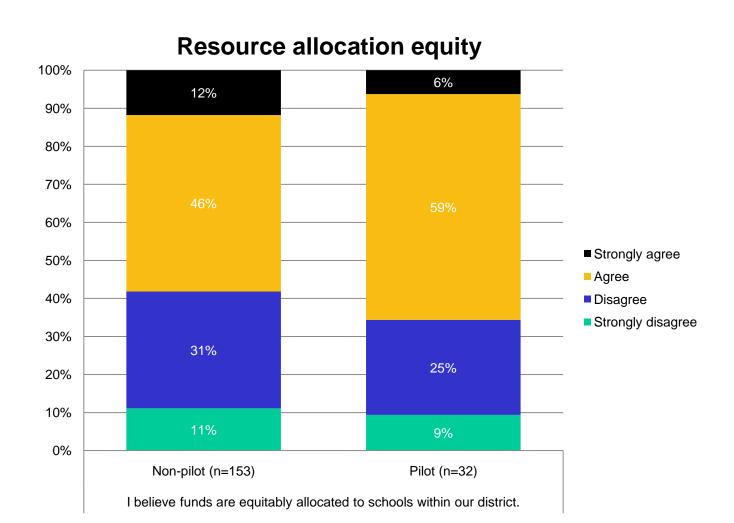
SSC survey respondents, by role (n=194)

Role	n	%
Principal	10	5%
Teacher	77	40%
Parent	75	39%
Student	2	1%
Other school staff	24	12%
Other	6	3%





Pilot school respondents were more likely to agree that resources are allocated equitably across schools.

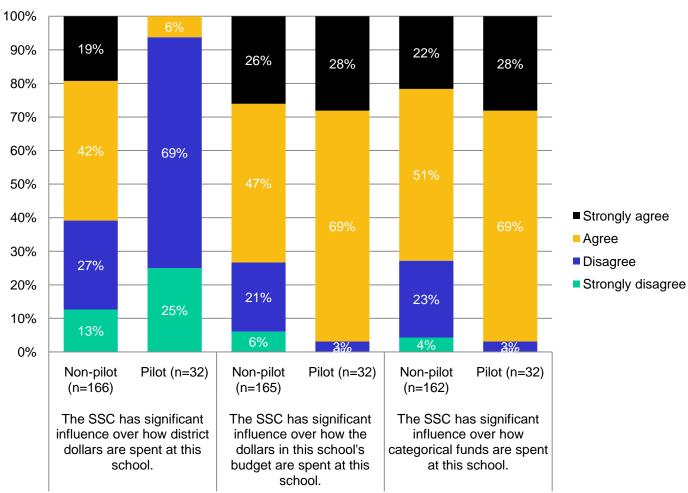






Pilot and non-pilot school respondents differed substantially on the following items about influence over spending.



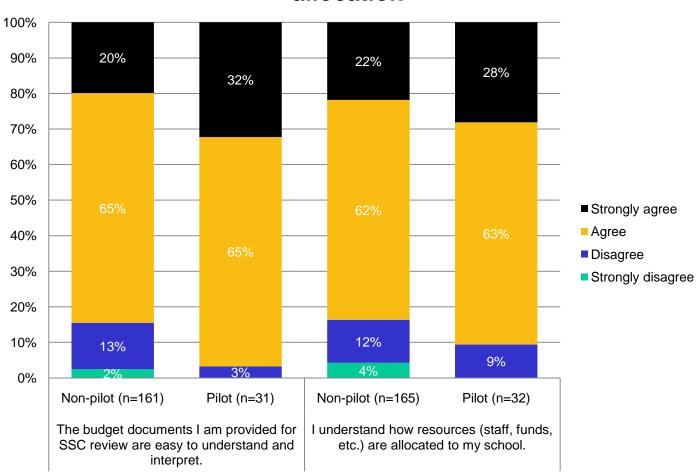






Pilot SSCs were more likely to report understanding budget documents and resource allocation.

Understanding of budgeting & resource allocation

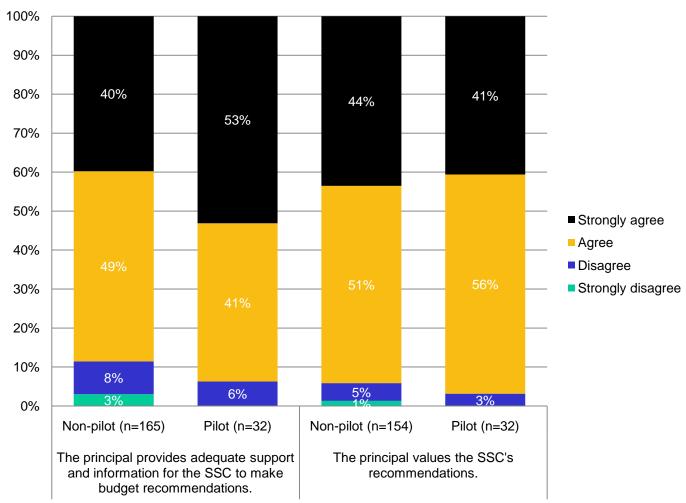






There were high levels of agreement across respondents that principals support and value the SSC.



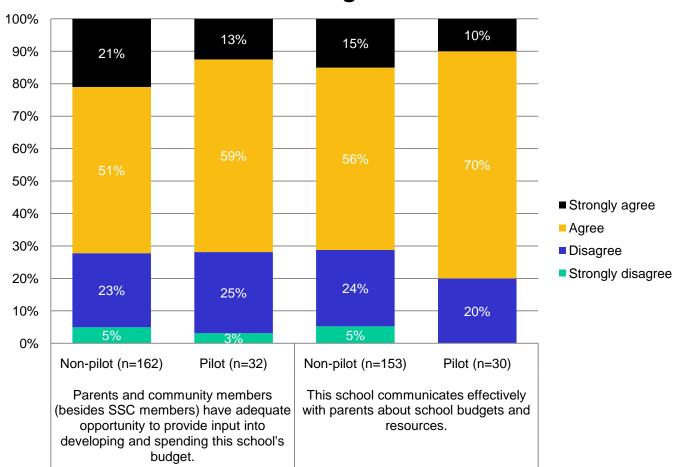






Respondents generally agreed about these parent and community input questions, but a substantial proportion disagreed.

Parent & community input about the school budget

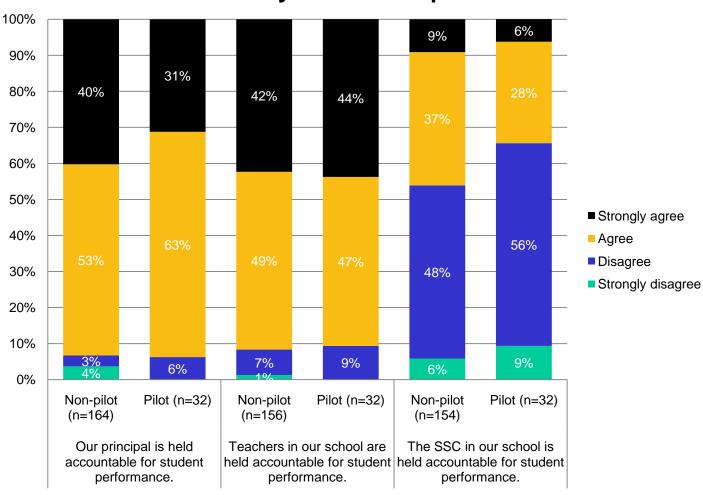






SSC respondents disagreed that they were accountable for student performance.

Accountability for student performance







100%

90%

80%

70%

60%

50%

40%

30%

20%

10%

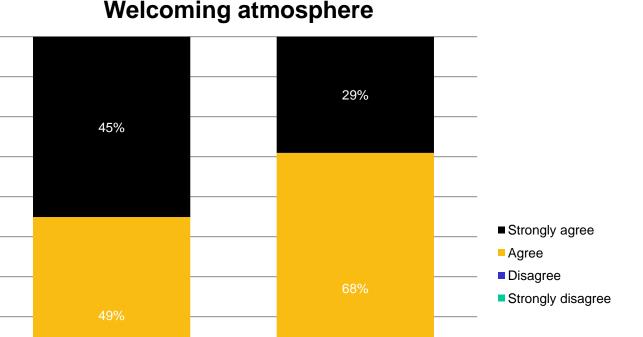
0%

5%

Non-pilot (n=153)

This school is welcoming to parents.

SSC respondents agreed that their school is welcoming to parents.



3%

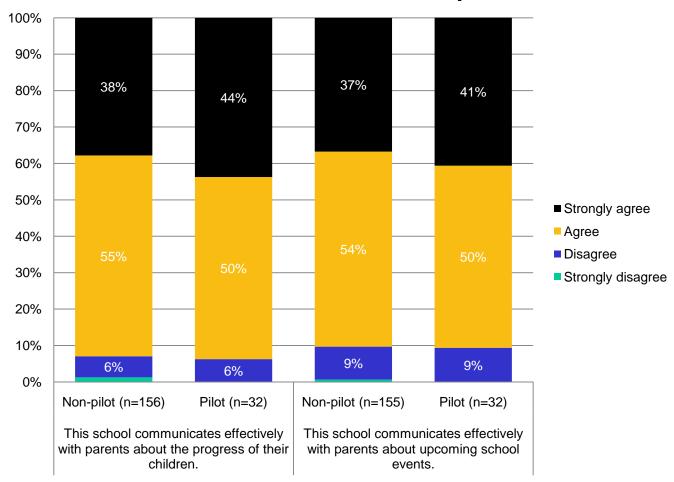
Pilot (n=31)





Respondents agreed that the school communicates with parents about their child's progress & school events.

School communication with parents

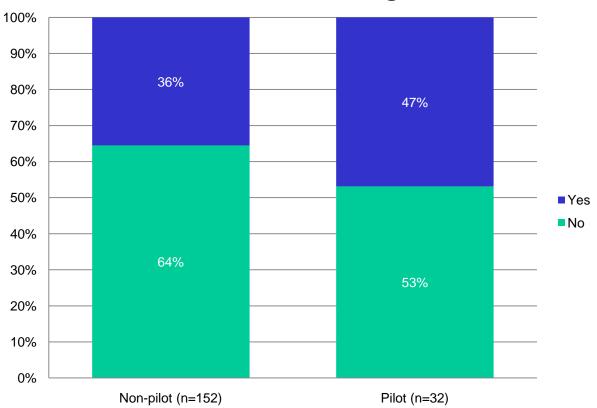






Fewer than half of pilot and non-pilot respondents reported receiving any training on budgeting/resource allocation.

Reported receipt of budget/resoure allocation training







Of those who received budget/resource allocation training, most agreed that it was sufficient.

"The training I received was sufficient to help the SSC allocate funds to this school."

